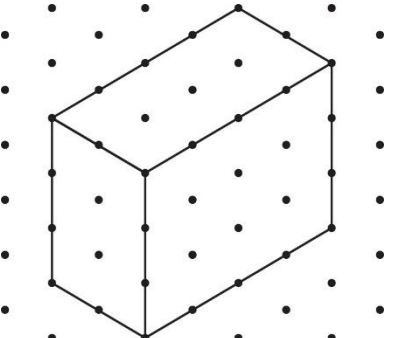
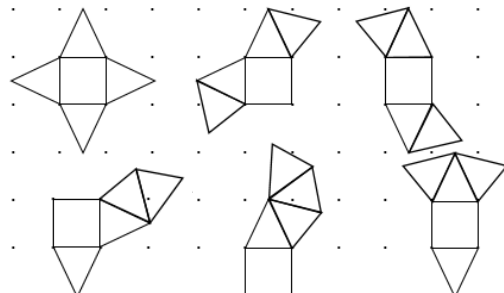


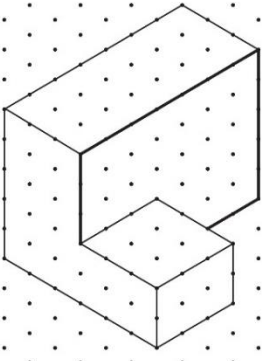
Mark scheme

End of Unit assessments are 30 marks, so you should allow 35 minutes.

The following marks are awarded for each question.

B	Unconditional accuracy mark
M	Method mark – the correct method must be shown but there may be an arithmetic error; the sight of the value given in brackets implies the award of the method mark
A	Accuracy mark – unless the question specifies that working must be shown then the sight of the correct answer implies the award of full marks (unless the answer clearly comes from incorrect working)
C	Communication mark
P	Process mark to show correct process for problem solving. Any other process of a similar standard to achieve an accurate result is acceptable to achieve this mark
cao	Correct answer only
ft	Incorrect values may be followed through from one step to the next provided that the correct method is seen in each step and the only errors are arithmetic. This is shown in mark schemes by putting a number in inverted commas
oe	Or equivalent answer mark

Non-calculator			
Q	Answer	Mark	Comment
1a		B1	cao
1b	B	B1	cao
2a	<	B1	cao
2b	=	B1	cao
3		M1 A1	Draw a square or rectangle and 4 triangles

4	96	M1	$4 \times 4 \times 6$ oe
		A1	
5	e.g. $10 \times 12 = 120$ (area of entire rectangle) $\frac{1}{2} \times 5 \times 10 = 25$ (area of missing triangle) $120 - 25 = 95 \text{ cm}^2$	C1	for one correct area shown
		C1	
6		B1	for 2 or 3 lines correct and none incorrect or correct drawing with extra lines drawn for accurate drawing
		B1	
7a	132	M1	area of L shape e.g. $(9 \times 2) + (3 \times 5)$ e.g. $(7 \times 3) + (2 \times 6) = 33$ or volume of one cuboid e.g. $7 \times 4 \times 3$ or 84 e.g. $6 \times 2 \times 4$ or 48
		M1	ft '33' $\times 4$ or $84 + 48$
		A1	cao
7b	194	M1	method to find surface area of at least 4 faces
		M1	method to find surface area of at least 6 faces
		M1	method to find total surface area of all 8 faces i.e. $33 + 33 + 12 + 20 + 24 + 8 + 36 + 28$
		A1	cao



Calculator

Q	Answer	Mark	Comment
8	75	B1	
9a	30.24	M1	$(5.6 \times 10.8) \div 2$ oe
		A1	cao

9b	e.g. the two triangles have the same base and the same height so they must have the same area e.g. area of parallelogram = 10.8×5.6 area of A = $\frac{1}{2} \times 10.8 \times 5.6$ Therefore area of B = $\frac{1}{2} \times 10.8 \times 5.6 =$ area of A	C1	
10	343	B1	
11	46.512 Accept 46.51 or 46.5	M1 A1	(8.26 + 5.42) \div 2 \times 6.8 oe e.g. (8.26 \times 6.8) – 6.8 \times (8.26 – 5.42) \div 2 or 56.168 – 9.656 e.g. (5.42 \times 6.8) + 6.8 \times (8.26 – 5.42) \div 2 or 36.856 + 9.656
12a	9.61	B1	57.66 \div 6
12b	3.1	B1	ft $\sqrt{9.61}$
13	3.84	M1 A1	(0.8 \times 0.8) \times 6

Non-calculator

Question	Topic	Step	Marks
1a	Draw plans and elevations of 3D shapes.	6th	1
1b	Draw plans and elevations of 3D shapes	6th	1
2a	Convert between metric units of length.	4th	1
2b	Convert between metric units of length.	4th	1
3	Recognise and sketch the nets of prisms including cuboids, triangular prisms, right prisms, cylinders.	4th	2
4	Calculate the surface areas of simple cuboids (without use of nets).	4th	2
5	Draw 3D shapes on isometric paper given their plans and elevations.	5th	2
6	Analyse 3D shapes through cross-sections, plans and elevations	6th	2
7a	Calculate volumes of shapes made from cuboids, for lengths given as whole numbers	7th	3
7b	Calculate surface areas of shapes made from cuboids, for lengths given as whole numbers	7th	4



Calculator

Question	Topic	Step	Marks
8	Solve problems involving converting between imperial and metric units	5th	1

9a	Use a formula to calculate the areas of triangles	5th	2
9b	Use a formula to calculate the areas of parallelograms	5th	1
10	Calculate the volume of cuboids	6th	1
11	Use a formula to calculate the areas of trapezia	6th	2
12a	Calculate the surface areas of simple cuboids (without use of nets)	4th	1
12b	Calculate the surface areas of simple cuboids (without use of nets)	4th	1
13	Calculate the surface areas of simple cuboids (without use of nets)	6th	2

Marks to Steps conversion table

The table below converts marks to a step on the Pearson progression scale. For more information on Progress & Assess please see the [progression website](#).

Mark boundary	Step
0	U
1–2	2nd
3–5	3rd
6–11	4th
12–16	5th
17–22	6th
23–30	7th